

Quiz 7

Problem 1 Let $a > 0$. Find the mass of the solid between the paraboloid $z = a(x^2 + y^2)$ for $0 \leq z \leq H$ where the density of the solid at the point (x, y, z) is given by $\rho(x, y, z) = z$ kg per cu. meter.

Let \mathcal{V} denote the solid region.
 Since density \times volume = mass, we have

$$\text{mass}(\mathcal{V}) = \iiint_{\mathcal{V}} \rho(x, y, z) dV,$$

$$= \iiint_{\mathcal{V}} z dV$$

$$= \int_0^H \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{ar^2}^{\sqrt{\frac{H}{a}}} z \cdot r dz dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{H}{a}}} \left[\frac{r z^2}{2} \right]_{z=ar^2}^{z=H} dr d\theta$$

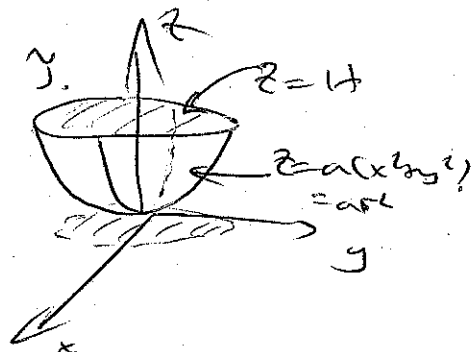
$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{H}{a}}} \left(\frac{r H^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 r^5}{2} \right) dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^2 H^2}{4} - \frac{a^2 r^6}{12} \right]_{r=0}^{r=\sqrt{\frac{H}{a}}} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{H^3}{4a} - \frac{a^2 H^3}{12a^3} \right) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{H^3}{4a} - \frac{H^3}{12a} \right) d\theta$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{H^3}{4a} - \frac{H^3}{12a} \right) = \frac{H^3 \pi}{2a} - \frac{H^3 \pi}{6a} = \frac{2H^3 \pi}{6a} = \frac{H^3 \pi}{3a}$$



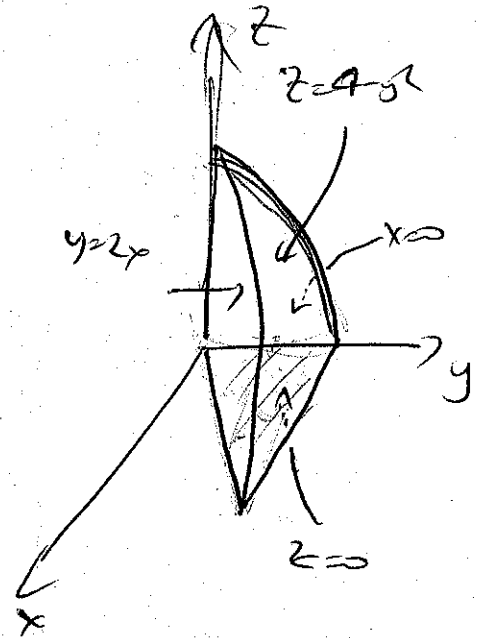
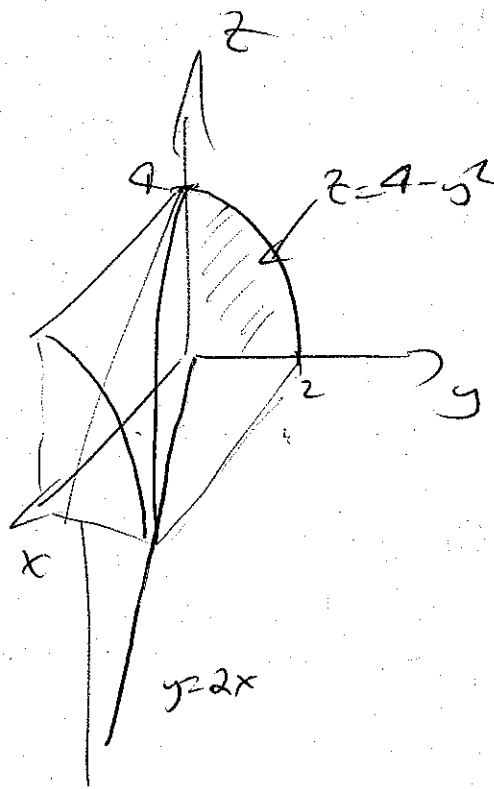
we use cylindrical
 coordinates.
 $\mathcal{V}: 0 \leq r \leq \sqrt{\frac{H}{a}},$
 $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi,$
 $0 \leq z \leq H$

Problem 2 Consider the region W bounded by

$$z = 4 - y^2 \quad y = 2x \quad z = 0 \quad x = 0$$

Express the volume of this region as an iterated integral in three different orders:

- (1) $dz \, dx \, dy$,
- (2) $dx \, dy \, dz$, and
- (3) $dy \, dx \, dz$.

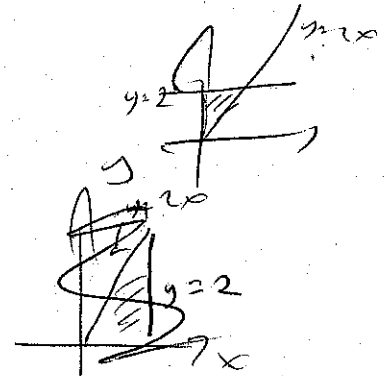


$$\text{Vol}(W) = \iiint_W 1 \, dV$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_0^{y/2} \int_0^{4-y^2} dz \, dx \, dy$$

$$= \int_0^4 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-z}} \int_0^{y/2} dx \, dy \, dz$$

$$= \int_0^4 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-z}} \int_{2x}^{\sqrt{4-z}} dy \, dx \, dz$$



$$z = 4 - 4x^2$$

$$x^2 = \frac{4-z}{4}$$